

Let There Be Light!
Genesis 1:1-5
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Welcome to the Crestwood Space Station, as we prepare to launch our Stellar Vacation Bible School tomorrow. I hope you enjoy it because it took a lot of work to planet. Planet. (Pause) Is this thing on? Seriously, it's going to be amazing, and Missy and the Children's Ministry Team have worked so hard to get us ready, including finding this actual picture of the creation of the universe. You can Google anything!

I've been thinking lately of writing a book. I have a few ideas bouncing around, but my problem is I'm not sure how to start it. Not the first chapter or the first page, but the first words. How would you start your book? "Once upon a time?" Think about how some of the most famous books begin. "Call me Ishmael" from "Moby Dick." Or "All children except one, grow up." That's "Peter Pan." Here's another one: "Mr. and Mrs. Dursley of number four, Privet Drive, were proud to say that they were perfectly normal, thank you very much." That's how the first Harry Potter book starts.

The author of Genesis chose an understated way to start the most famous book in history. "In the beginning." Those words launch a story that has profoundly shaped history and culture to this day. Who knew that three little words could be the start of a book that inspires such great faith and such great controversy? "In the beginning."

Here's what I want to know: In the beginning of what? That's a very dangerous question. Because as soon as you start asking questions about the Bible, you have to be willing to look for answers. Here at Crestwood we invite questions about faith, because we believe that's how our faith grows. I'm sure there will be LOTS of questions this week from our VBS kids. That's great! And you would think the Bible is the place to get the answers to all those questions, right? Especially about how the world was created. Some people have claimed to have found all the answers, and even built museums and replicas of Noah's Ark to prove it. Really? I don't think Genesis 1 was written to provide those kinds of answers, so if someone says they've found all the answers, I'm not sure they're asking the right questions.

Let me explain that statement this way. A four-year-old boy came to his mother one day and said, "Mommy, where did I come from?" The mother was caught off-guard and began hemming and hawing, trying to figure out how to respond appropriately. She mumbled something about when a man and woman really love each other, they hold hands until a stork comes to give the woman an epidural and brings a baby in a basket. The boy looked puzzled for a second, then said, "That's weird, because Jimmy said he comes from Indiana."

When we are looking for answers, we have to be sure we understand the question, or else we may end up finding a perfectly plausible answer to the wrong question. As you know, you can use certain passages in the Bible to prove just about anything, if those passages are taken out of their context or used in ways they weren't meant to be used.

The creation story is a good example of this. I'm in no way condemning or condoning a particular scientific understanding of how we got to where we are, be it creationism or evolution or the Big Bang Theory or intelligent design. But what I have learned is that the book of Genesis wasn't written for that purpose. There is not a single

example of God revealing scientific information to the Israelites. God said, “Let there be light!” not “Let’s watch this filmstrip about how photosynthesis works.” Using Genesis to support a scientific hypothesis is like using a Picasso painting to explain anatomy.

In other words, when we approach Genesis, we have to be sure we’re asking the right questions. We shouldn’t ask, “Can I use Genesis to defend this or that theory of creation?” We should ask, “What is God trying to tell me here? What can I learn about my faith through this story?” We shouldn’t ask, “What does this story say about us?” We should ask, “What does this story say about God?”

Ultimately, our goal is to get to the truth, which is quite a dicey proposition these days. Thanks to the Enlightenment, which saw the rise of scientific thinking, our thoroughly modern understanding of how things work has led us to believe the only truth is scientific truth. It’s only true if you can prove it’s true. But what the Bible challenges us to ask is this: For something to be true, does it have to have a purely scientific explanation? I know how the rotation of the earth works in relation to the star at the center of our solar system, but does that mean it isn’t true to say the sun rises and sets? Scientifically, that may not be true. But experientially it is absolutely true.

We can’t prove the events of the creation story. But we don’t have to, because the Bible and science aren’t trying to do the same things. Instead, they could be seen as working in harmony with one another. My understanding of harmony is that different notes and different voices combine together to make the final product. Likewise, scripture and science work in harmony to help us try and understand what is ultimately not understandable. In fact, you could say that science is one way of describing the work of God in this world.

Let’s go back and see if we can ask the right question. What *does* this story tell us about God? In these first few verses, we learn a lot about God. First of all, God’s primary role is Creator. In fact, the Hebrew word for “create” is only used in the Bible to describe what God does. Humans don’t create. We may move things around and put things together in new ways, but only God creates.

And what God creates in these first few verses is profound. When we enter the story, there is chaos. The earth was formless and empty and darkness reigned. As I’ve shared with you before, the Hebrew for “formless and empty” is “tovvabohu,” which sounds like what it is. In fact, I learned from a German teacher that Germans use that same word to mean “ruckus” or “mess,” as in, “You’ve sure made a tovuvabohu of things!”

What God does is take the tovuvabohu and make order out of it. There’s nothing sinister or evil about this chaos. It simply means that God has not finished working. Anyone who’s cooked a meal or painted a room – or prepared for VBS – knows that chaos is a necessary step in the process of creation. The Spirit of God hovers over the waters and God says, “Let there be light!” and separates the light from the darkness, creating our understanding of time.

It’s important to talk about these events in the present tense. I’ve made the point that this isn’t science, but it also is not history. There’s a song in our hymnal called “Creator God, Creating Still,” and that’s the mindset we should have when digesting this story. Instead of saying, “God created the world,” we can say, “The world is a sign of God’s ongoing creation.”

This has important implications for our lives because it means God is still creating, still at work. And that's a very good thing, because I certainly see a lot of chaos in my world and in my life. We've sure made a tovuvabohu of things, haven't we? Whether it's something we've brought on ourselves, or something brought on by our aging bodies or the insatiable desire for power or the capriciousness of life, it would be easy to convince someone that the world is formless and empty and chaos reigns.

But the presence of chaos simply means that God has not finished working. God still has a creating word to speak into our world and into our lives, God still has a light to shine into the darkness around us. God is still bringing order out of chaos. God has not created this world to be chaotic, fragmented and divided and in conflict, and God will stay with it until it becomes what it has been created to be. God doesn't cause the chaos, but God can work through the chaos for God's purposes.

But God is not the only one with work yet to do here on earth. This story tells us it is the Creator's job to speak, and it is the created's job to listen and respond. God says, "Let there be light" and the creation responds with light. God says, "Be fruitful and multiply" and storks start showing up with epidurals. God says, "Go and make disciples of all nations" and people are transformed and lives are changed. Through the gift of the Holy Spirit, we have been called to be co-creators with God, bring hope and life and light into this world.

I know there's still chaos out there. And in here. So many bad things that happen to good people. So much suffering. So much sickness. So much tovuvabohu. So many questions that seem to go cruelly unanswered. So many endings – of dreams, of promises, of lives.

But the good news of this story is that our God is a God of beginnings. "Let there be light!" God is the Creator, making order in the midst of chaos, orchestrating resurrection from death. To all our questions, God provides an answer. It's not a scientific answer. It's not an historical answer. It's something so much more. "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the word was God." God is not done working yet. Are you? Jesus tells us, "You are the light of the world." There is so much darkness around us, isn't there? So... "Let there be light!"